



## Police Reform Legislation June 2022

### Bills in the House

Bill Number	Sponsor	Bill Actions	Bill Summary
<a href="#">HB 533</a> PN 496	Rep. Austin Davis	Referred to Judiciary, 2/16/21	This bill would amend Title 53 (Municipalities) providing for the establishment of law enforcement review boards. It would provide for the establishment of a county Independent Citizens Law Enforcement Review Board in counties of the second class through the eighth class for the purposes of receiving complaints, performing investigations and making recommendations regarding alleged police misconduct.
<a href="#">HB 626</a> PN 832	Rep. Daniel Miller	Referred to Judiciary, 3/10/21	This bill would return all non-body camera police video to the purview of the Right to Know Law, as was the case before Act 22 and would increase the amount of time a person has to request body camera footage from 60 to 180 days. It would further provide for standards and appeals.
<a href="#">HB 728</a> PN 943	Rep. Daniel Miller	Referred to Judiciary, 3/17/21	This bill would create the Use of Force Reporting Act providing for use of force reporting and for duties of the Municipal Police Officers' Education and Training Commission, the Pennsylvania State Police and law enforcement agencies. It would provide for the development of a form within 180 days, for the development of policies and procedures of the minimum standards for law enforcement agencies to train and comply with the act and for the development of a database by the Pennsylvania State Police. It would also provide for the issuance of annual reports by the Pennsylvania State Police to the General Assembly.
<a href="#">HB 782</a> PN 770	Rep. Brian Sims	Referred to Judiciary, 3/8/21	This bill would amend Title 53 (Municipalities Generally) providing that no law enforcement agency in a city, county, or municipality may use military-style fatigues or uniforms for active-duty police officers
<a href="#">HB 870</a> PN 857	Rep. Stephen Kinsey	Referred to Judiciary, 3/11/21	This bill would outlaw the use of the standard chokehold in making an arrest as well as any action that inhibits breath or the flow of blood to the brain due to physical position.

<a href="#">HB 1086</a> PN 1120	Rep. Donna Bullock	Referred to Judiciary, 4/5/21	This bill would amend Title 53 (Municipalities Generally) adding a new section requiring a uniformed police officer in a county, city or other municipality to visibly display a badge, tag or label clearly indemnifying the officer at all times. It would provide an exception for a police officer or other person empowered to make arrests who is not in uniform.
<a href="#">HB 1119</a> PN 1867	Rep. Jake Wheatley	Referred to Judiciary, 6/21/21	This bill would create the Employment Certification and Decertification Training for Peace Officers Act establishing the Employment Certification and Decertification Training Council; providing for qualifications and training requirements for peace officers, speed detection device operators, probation officers, for civil actions. It would provide for the composition and duties of the council, disciplinary measures, procedures for hearings, and qualifications for peace officers, including disclosure of employment-related information from prior employers. It would further establish basic training requirements of peace officers, additional training requirements and training requirements for using speed detection devices. It would also establish that probation officers may not exercise arrest authority unless they have completed a training course and received certification. Lastly, the bill would provide for duties of law enforcement agencies regarding records of peace officers, civil injunction penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of the act, training requirements for agency heads, reimbursements for training costs, training requirements for communications officers, jail officers, juvenile correctional officers, and bomb and explosive technicians.
<a href="#">HB 1361</a> PN 1473	Rep. Donna Bullock	Referred to Transportation, 5/7/21	This bill would amend Title 75 (Vehicles) further providing that for registration and certificate of title required no person shall be convicted of a violation of the section prior to the first day of the fourth month after the original expiration date, unless the person is also convicted of another violation of this title which occurred at the same time: in lighting equipment, or unless a vehicle displays no lighted head lamps or rear lighting required under the section; in other required equipment, further providing that for exhaust systems, mufflers and noise control; in windshield obstructions and wipers; and, in inspection of vehicles, providing that no person shall be convicted of a violation of this section prior to the first day of the fourth month after the original expiration date on a vehicle inspection sticker unless the person is also convicted of another violation of this title which occurred at the same time.
<a href="#">HB 1781</a> PN 2021	Rep. Stephen Kinsey	Referred to Judiciary, 8/12/21	This bill would amend Title 44 (Law and Justice) establishing Chapter 25 for recordings by body-worn cameras. It would require law enforcement agencies who permit body-worn camera technology to develop official policy relating to recording by equipment and enumerates requirements for recordings. It would provide for when body-worn camera recordings may be available to the public as well as provisions relating to redaction and provides for public notice.

<a href="#">HB 1923</a> PN 2185	Rep. Malcolm Kenyatta	Referred to Judiciary, 9/28/21	This bill would amend Title 44 (Law and Justice) establishing Chapter 9 for limitations on military equipment procurement by local law enforcement agencies. It would further provide for duties of local law enforcement regarding inventory and accounting and reporting of military equipment procurement.
<a href="#">HB 2129</a> PN 2467	Rep. Chris Rabb	Referred to Judiciary, 12/2/21	This bill would amend Title 44 (Law and Justice) providing for prohibition on law enforcement use of chemical weapons. It would prohibit law enforcement from using, deploying or threatening to use kinetic impact projectiles into a crowd or gathering of individuals for any reason and chemical weapons in any situation, though pepper spray may be utilized in certain situations.
<a href="#">HB 2545</a> PN 3036	Rep. Donna Bullock	Referred to Labor and Industry, 4/26/22	This bill would amend the Act 111, the Policemen and Firemen Collective Bargaining Act, to provide for collective bargaining stalemate board of arbitration. It would require the board of arbitration to include a neutral third arbitrator agreed upon by the public employer and policemen or firemen. It would allow other arbitrators to request the president judge of the county court of common pleas to create a list in which a neutral third arbitrator can be selected.
<a href="#">HB 2546</a> PN 3037	Rep. Donna Bullock	Referred to Labor and Industry, 4/26/22	This bill would amend the Act 111, the Policemen and Firemen Collective Bargaining Act, to provide notice to the public prior to collective bargaining. It would acknowledge that a public employer may require notice to the public prior to collective bargaining beginning. It would allow public employers serving a single political subdivision and multiple political subdivisions to hold hearings on collective bargaining 90 days prior to the collective bargaining beginning with 14 days of notice. It would require the written public comment period to begin five business days after posting the notice and lasting two weeks or 10 business days, whichever is longer.
<a href="#">HB 2547</a> PN 3038	Rep. Donna Bullock	Referred to Labor and Industry, 4/26/22	This bill would amend the Act 111, the Policemen and Firemen Collective Bargaining Act, to provide for issues excluded from collective bargaining. It would allow policies and procedures relating to employee discipline for policemen to be included in collective bargaining but lists exceptions relating to criminal offenses and violation of rights of a person under the Constitution of the United States or the Constitution of Pennsylvania.
<a href="#">HB 2548</a> PN 3039	Rep. Donna Bullock	Referred to Labor and Industry, 4/26/22	This bill would amend the Act 111, the Policemen and Firemen Collective Bargaining Act, to provide for the determination of board of arbitration. It would provide that determination should be in writing and contain specific findings relative to the fact and conclusions of the law for each issue presented by each party. It would require that the determination be public record and prohibits an appeal in court unless the board of arbitration exceeded powers and jurisdiction, proceedings were irregular, the determination requires an unconstitutional act, the determination results in deprivation of constitutional rights, or the award is contrary to public policy.

<a href="#">HB 2549</a> PN 3040	Rep. Donna Bullock	Referred to Labor and Industry, 4/26/22	This bill would amend the Act 111, the Policemen and Firemen Collective Bargaining Act, to provide for fees and costs associated with arbitration. It would require public employers and the policemen or firemen involved in collective bargaining to bear the costs of their respective appointed arbitrators, witnesses, and attorneys in the arbitration proceedings. It would outline that the fees and costs of the neutral third arbitrator, stenographic, and other expenses shall be divided among the two parties.
<a href="#">HB 2551</a> PN 3041	Rep. Donna Bullock	Referred to Labor and Industry, 4/26/22	This bill would amend the Act 111, the Policemen and Firemen Collective Bargaining Act, to provide for powers and procedures regarding arbitration. It would require a hearing to be open to the public, including making documents, evidence, and a stenographic recording as public record; exemptions bargaining sessions prior to the hearing, executive session, and meetings between arbitrators conducted before, during, or after the hearing from the requirement.